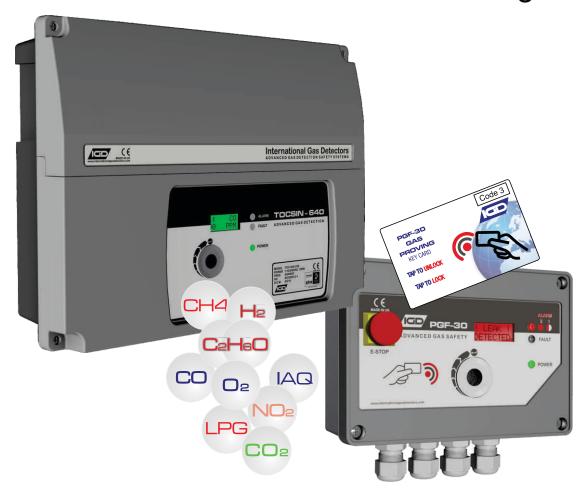


TOCSIN-640-PFG 30

Multi-Channel Sensor Controller RFID Gas Pressure & Air Flow Proving



Installation and Operation Manual Version 4



Tel: +44 (0)161 483 1415 Fax: +44 (0) 161 484 2345 Email: sales@internationalgasdetectors.co.uk

Website: www.internationalgasdetectors.co.uk





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Who should read this manual.

This manual is intended for use by trained installers of gas detection systems who are technically competent and have all necessary tools to undertake installation and maintenance on this type of equipment.

Failure to install and maintain the equipment properly can render the detection system ineffective.

You should not undertake any of the procedures in this manual if you do not have access to the correct equipment, have not undertaken training on this or similar equipment or are not technically qualified to install this equipment.

Calibration gases and test equipment is available from International Gas Detectors.



EC Declaration of Conformity

Issuers name and address:

Oliver IGD Limited of Triton House Crosby St Stockport SK2 6SH UK



Are in conformity with the provisions of the following European Directive(s) when installed, operated, serviced and maintained in accordance with the installation and operating instructions contained in the product documentation.

2004/108/EC **EMC Directive**

2006/95/EC Low Voltage Equipment Directive (note not applicable to 24V DC Powered Versions)

And that the standards and/or technical specifications referenced below have been applied or considered.

EN 60079-29-1:2016 Explosive atmospheres, Gas detectors, Performance Requirements Of Detectors For

Flammable Gases

EN 50271:2018 Electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases, toxic gases or

Oxygen: requirements and tests for apparatus using software and or digital technologies.

Excluding requirements for SIL

EN 61000-6-2: 2005 EMC Generic standards. Immunity for industrial environments

EN 61000-6-4/A1: 2011 EMC Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments

EN 61000-3-2: 2014 EMC Limits. Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current ≤ 16 A per phase) EN 61000-3-3: 2013 EMC Limits. Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public low-voltage

supply systems, for equipment with rated current ≤ 16 A per phase

Technical File Reference T640-TF9

Oliver IGD Limited Operate and Independently assessed ATEX/IECEX QAN.

> Quality Assurance Certificate Number ExVeritas 16PQAN0014

Quality Assurance Notification Number:

2585 ExVeritas,

Units 16-18. Abenbury Way,

Wrexham Industrial Estate, Wrexham, UK, LL13 9UZ

Oliver IGD Limited operate an independently assessed Testing Agency: ISO9001:2015 Quality Management System.

Quality Management Certificate Number

FS 646773

BSI Assurance UK LTD.

Chiswick High Road, London W4 4AL

TUV - SUD Octagon House

PO 15 5RL

Fareham

Concorde Way

Mehr Sicherheit. Mehr Wert

TUV Certificates and reports can be checked on-line at https://www.tuev-sued.de/industry_and_consumer_products/certificates

Issued on: At Oliver IGD Limited, Stockport, SK2 6SH, United Kingdom

UK

Declaration of Conformity in accordance with EN ISO/IEC 17050-1:2010 Signature:

Andrew J Collier M.I.O.D Name

15 October 2018 Declaration Ref: TOC-640-DEC-2 Position: Managing Director Date:

Standard Specifications

Power 110/230V AC 50/60Hz 30W Standard

24V DC Option (12 to 28V DC)

Do not exceed listed ratings.

2 Lines x 8 Digit LCD Display

Multi-Colour Backlight (Red-Alarm, Yellow-Fault, Blue-Normal)

Failure to observe interface ratings and environmental

Outputs 3 off SPCO Relays 4A Non-Inductive User Configurable

ABS

Construction

Display

operating conditions may have

1 off 4-20mA Linear Outputs

an adverse affect on the

User Configurable

controller.

Other I/O Sounder 80dB @ 100mm (Mutable)

2 off RS485 Ports Modbus & addressable Gas Detectors

Inputs Up to 32 Detectors as:

24 off Addressable Series Detectors or I/O Modules

1 off Internal Direct Connected Detector

2 off 4-20mA inputs

2 off Switch Inputs (Slam Switch, Fire etc)

Temperature -5 to 55 Deg C

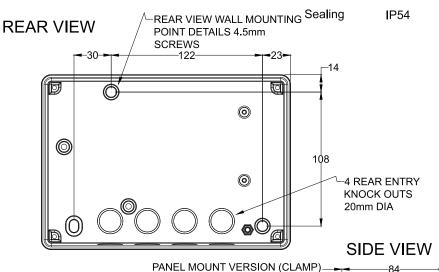
Physical Details

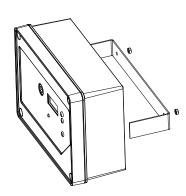
BOTTOM VIEW

--30-

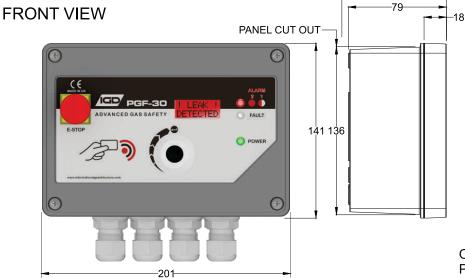
24

Humidity 0-95% RH Non-Condensing





Optional Panel Mounting Kit PN 5686401





Optional Battery Backup Kit PN 5686601

4 HOLES DIA 20mm

50

-30-

196

Note this module uses the same style enclosure as the TOCSIN-640 and houses batteries and charge control. It is usually mounted below the TOCSIN-640 and is supplied with all required connectors.

Optional Highway Booster PSU's in the same case style are available as PN TOC-640-BPSU

PANEL CUT OUT

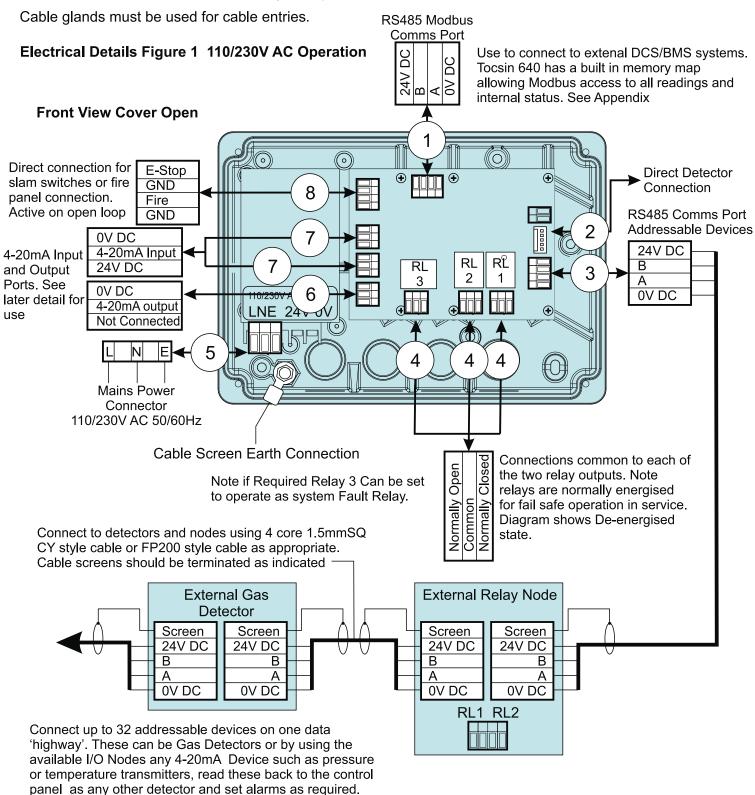
NOTE



Main power connections should only be made by a qualified electrician. Mains power should be fed via a fused spur.

The following information shows the main electrical connection points labelled as points 1, 2, 3, etc. These points are referred to in the manual supplied. When installing ensure you have the full manual available. This page is also supplied inside the TOCSIN-640 enclosure as a quick reference for site engineers.

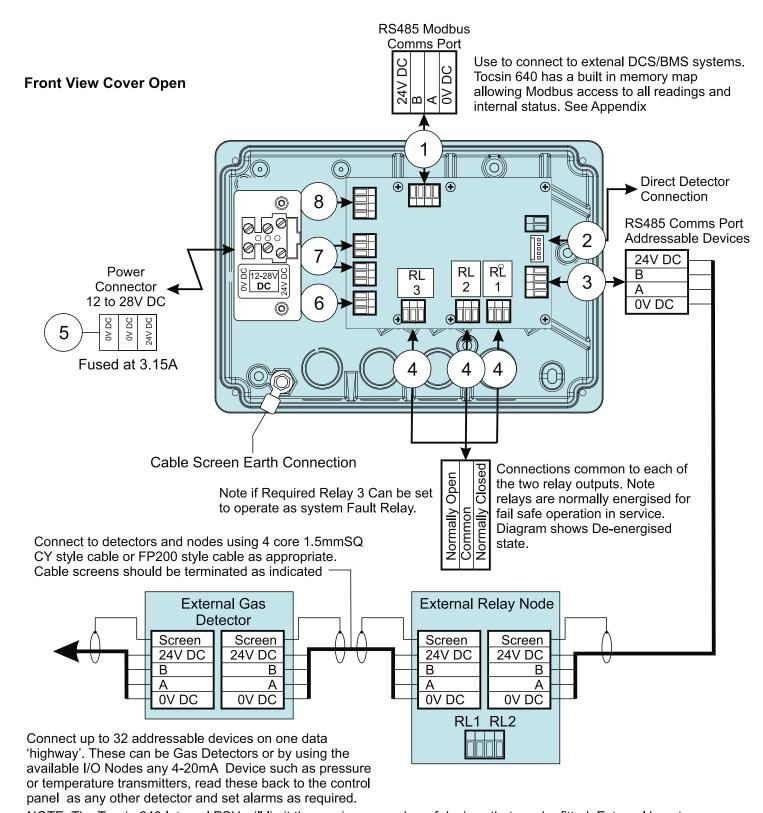
Cabling: When using stranded cable fit bootlace ferrules to prevent stray wire strands shorting. Mains power must be supplied via a two pole isolating supply



NOTE: The Tocsin 640 Internal PSU will limit the maximum number of devices that can be fitted. External booster PSU's are available to allow more devices or longer cable runs. IGD provide a cable calculator for use when sizing cables and determining device runs. Alternately contact IGD directly for advice.



Electrical Details Figure 2 24V DC Operation

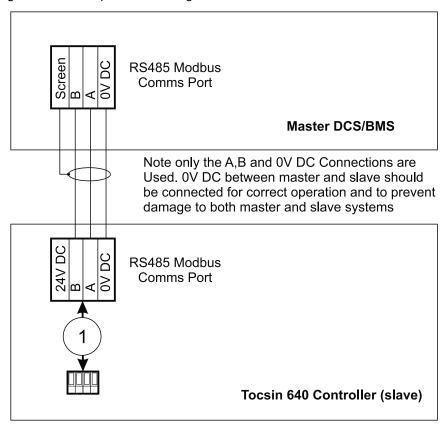


NOTE: The Tocsin 640 Internal PSU will limit the maximum number of devices that can be fitted. External booster PSU's are available to allow more devices or longer cable runs. IGD provide a cable calculator for use when sizing cables and determining device runs. Alternately contact IGD directly for advice.



Interfacing to the Remote Modbus Port

The Tocsin 640 controller has an in-built memory map allowing access to alarm status, panel status, readings etc using Modbus RTU protocol. Wiring between units is as follows:



MODBUS INTERNAL MEMORY MAP ADDRESSES

COMMAND STRUCTURE

Parameter	Setting			
1: Modbus Mode	RTU Mode Only			
2: Operating Mode	Slave Mode Only			
3: Response Time #1	Maximum = 100mS			
	(5s for Zero Command)			
4: Requests	Maximum = 32 per Second			
5: Panel Address	100 to 131 (100=default)			
6: Baud Rate	4800, 9600, 19200 (19200=default)			
7: Start Bits	1			
8: Data bits	8			
9: Parity	None, Odd, Even			
	(Odd=default. None=T700 only)			
10: Stop	1, 2 (1=default & T700 only)			
11: Flow Control	None			
12: Physical Interface	2 Wire RS232, 2 Wire RS485			
	(2 Wire RS485=Optional on T900)			
13: Bit Order	Least significant bit transmitted first			
14: Byte Order	Least significant byte transmitted first			
15: Inter-byte spacing	Maximum = 1.5 bytes times			
	(781uS @ 19200 Baud)			
16: Inter-packet spacing	Minimum = 3.5 bytes times			
	(1823uS @ 19200 Baud)			



MODBUS INTERNAL MEMORY MAP ADDRESSES

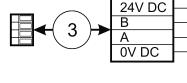
FUNCTIONS:

Command	Function	Register	Sensor	Returned Word
Read Sensor Conc	04	30,001 to 30,999	1 to 999	$Min = 0 \qquad (-10\% LEL)$
				Max = 1200 (110% LEL)
D 10 XX1	0.4	21.001 . 21.000	1	Resolution = 0.1%
Read Sensor Volts	04	31,001 to 31,999	1 to 999	$Min = 0 \qquad (0.00V)$
				Max = 500 (5.00V)
D 1 4 C++	0.4	22 001 / 22 000	ADEA	Resolution = 0.01V
Read Area Status	04	32,001 to 32,999	AREA	Bit0 = AL1
(T700 = Common			1 to 999	Bit1 = AL2
Alarms)				Bit2 = AL3
				Bit3 = Fault
				Bit4 = Sensor Disabled
D . 1 C	0.4	22 001 4 22 000	1.4.000	Bit5 - Bit15 = Spare
Read Sensor Status	04	33,001 to 33,999	1 to 999	Bit0 = AL1
				Bit1 = AL2 $Dit2 = AL2$
				Bit2 = AL3
				Bit3 = Fault
				Bit4 = Sensor Disabled Bit5 = Sensor Fault
				Bit6 = Under Range Fault
				Bit7 = Over Range Fault
				Bit8 = Comms Fault
				Bit9 = Spare
				Bit10 = Spare Bit11 = Spare
				Bit11 – Spare Bit12 = Spare
				Bit12 = Spare Bit13 = AL1 Muted
				Bit $14 = AL2$ Muted
				Bit $15 = AL2$ Muted
Mute all Alarms	05	1	ALL	Pass = 0
	03		ALL	Fail = 1
Reset all Alarms	05	2	ALL	Pass = 0
	03			Fail = 1
Disable Sensor	05	1,001 to 1,999	1 to 999	Pass = 0
Disable Sensor		1,001 10 1,555	1 10 333	Fail = 1
Enable Sensor	05	2,001 to 2,999	1 to 999	Pass = 0
Endore Sensor		2,001 10 2,555	1 10 333	Fail = 1
Zero Sensor	05	3,001 to 3,999	1 to 999	Pass = 0
		,001 00 2,333	1 60 333	Fail = 1
Set Add. Relay = On	05	4,201 to 4,232	4201 to	Pass = 0 Fail = 1,2,3
		,	4232	(1=Timeout, 2=Already Used,
				3=Not Implemented)
Set Add, Relay = Off	05	5,201 to 5,232	4201 to	Pass = 0 Fail = $1,2,3$
	. =	,	4232	(1=Timeout, 2=Already Used,
				3=Not Implemented)
	-	l		



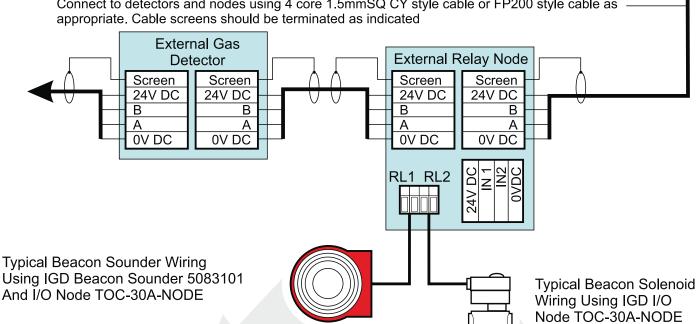


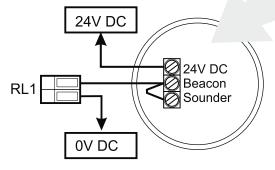
Connect up to 24 addressable devices on one data 'highway'. These can be Gas Detectors or by using the available I/O Nodes any 4-20mA Device such as pressure or temperature transmitters, read these back to the control panel as any other detector and set alarms as required.



Cables must be screened using the earth connection provided at the control panel

Connect to detectors and nodes using 4 core 1.5mmSQ CY style cable or FP200 style cable as appropriate. Cable screens should be terminated as indicated





The Relay Outputs Can be used to Switch LED Beacon Sounders if Required. Note that the 24V DC Output Terminals on the Node PCB are Fused at 100mA.

It is recommended to use IGD LED Beacon Sounders With a Power Consumption of only 50mA

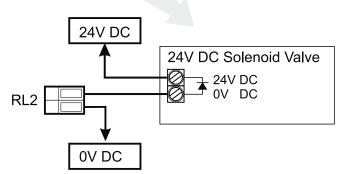
Part Number 5083101

When using Other Manufacturers Devices do Not Exceed 100mA @ 24V DC.

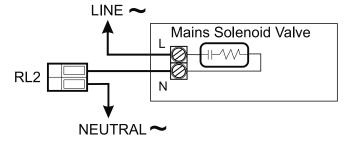
Note That In-Rush Currents Can be a Problem if Excessive and Should be Checked Prior to Use.

NOTE RELAY NODES CAN BE CONFIGURED AS NORMALLY OPEN OR NORMALLY CLOSED.

For more information refer to the T107 series I/O node manual.



Solenoid Valves are Inductive Loads. It is Essential to Ensure Protection Diodes are Fitted as Shown, Many Modern CE Approved Devices Already have these Fitted to Meet the Requirements of the EMC Directive. Fit Diode 1N4005 if not Fitted. Do NOT use the 24V Device supply For Powering Solenoid Valves.

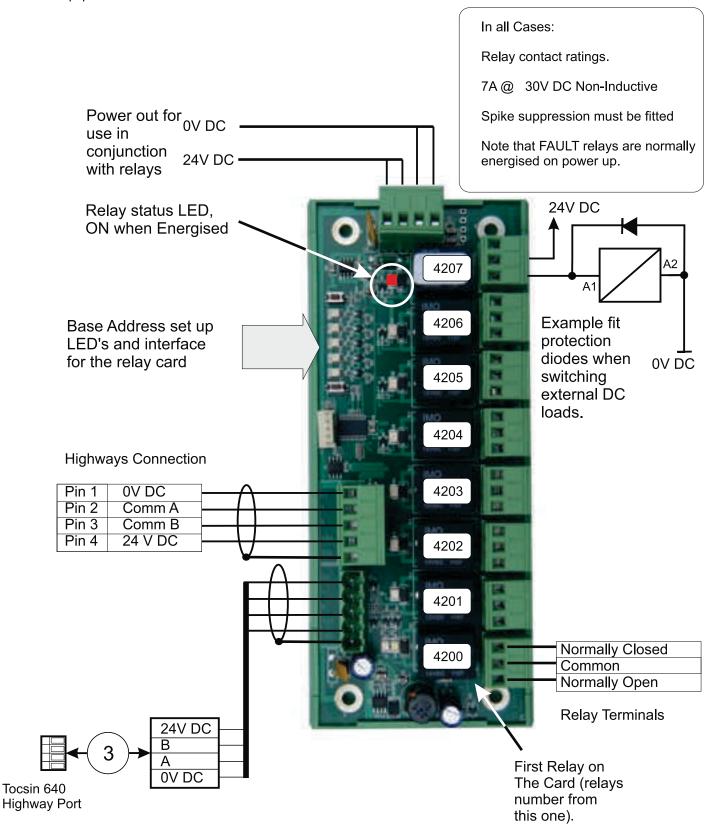


Fit protection suppressors when switching external AC loads such as solenoid valves typical device Farnell Ref 1438460



$\left(egin{array}{c} 3 \end{array} ight)$ Addressable 8 Way Relay Card Wiring

These cards can be supplied as DIN rail mount units to be mounted into IGD field box enclosures for local use or directly into third party equipment.



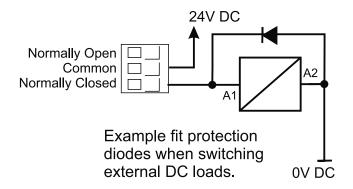


$\left(4\right)$

TOCSIN 640 Relay Outputs

There are three relays directly fitted to the Tocsin 640 controller. These are configured as normally energised in operation. One of the relays, relay 1 can be configured as a system fault relay. See later programming details regarding alarm and fault relays.

Switching DC Loads



In all Cases:

Relay contact ratings.

7A @ 30V DC Non-Inductive

Spike suppression must be fitted

Note that FAULT relays are normally energised on power up.

In all cases switched loads should have appropriate EMC protection as indicated in the diagram above. Loads should be fused. DC inductive loads should not be powered from the controller PSU. Inductive loads such as solenoids or motors can have high in-rush currents well above the steady state current indicated on data sheets. These high in-rush currents can interfere with the correct operation of the controller and so powering from the control panel is to be avoided.

Notes	





TOCSIN 640 Power Supply

The Tocsin 640 controller can be supplied in two power variants.

110/230V AC 50/60Hz

or 24V DC

In either case the controller should be fed from a fused supply allowing service isolation

Specifications for both are listed as follows:

Mains Power Supply Specification

Min Supply Voltage 90V AC

Max Supply Voltage 264V AC

Min Supply Frequency 47Hz

Max Supply Frequency 63Hz

Mains Power Consumption <0.5A Max

Standard PSU Rating 1.0A @ 25 Deg C Ambient or Max 0.69A at 55 Deg C

DC Power Supply Specification

Min Supply Voltage 12V DC

Max Supply Voltage 28V DC

PSU Noise Max 1.0V Peak to Peak, DC to 1MHz

DC Power Consumption

(Controller only)

0.150A

Device Power Loadings

Device	Load Each Unit
Addressable Toxic or Oxygen Gas Detectors	0.02A
Addressable IR CO2 or Flammable Gas Detectors	0.1A
Pellistor Addressable with MK3, Flammable Gases	0.08A
Pellistor Addressable with MK6, Flammable Gases	0.04A
2 Way Relay Output Node	0.06A
8 Way Relay PCB	0.17A
IGD Safe Area Beacon Sounder	0.05A
TOC-30 Series Annunciator	0.04A

Example

Tocsin 640 Series Controller 10 off MK6 Flammable Gas Sensors 1 off 2 Way Relay Node 1 off Beacon	$=1 \times 0.06A = 0.06A$	14 off MK6 Flammable Gas Sensors	=1 x 0.015A = 0.15A =14 x 0.04A = 0.56A =3 x 0.06A = 0.18A =3 x 0.04A = 0.12A
	Total Load = 0.65A		Total Load = 1.01A

This example the standard PSU is adequate for the system load.

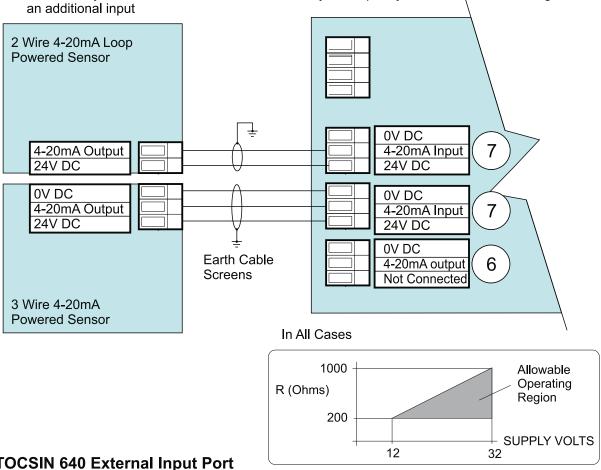
This example the standard PSU limit of 1A is exceeded so a booster PSU will need to be added onto the highway. Booster PSU's are part number TOC-640-BPSU



6

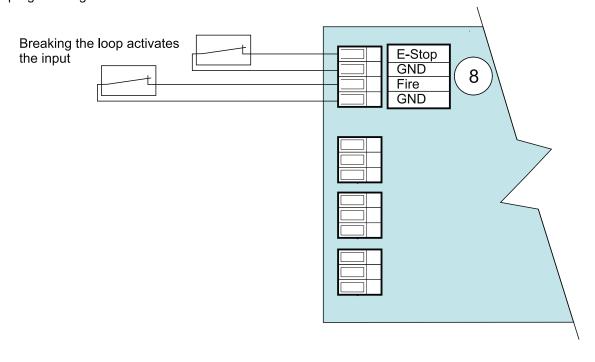
TOCSIN 640 4-20mA I/O Ports

Tocsin 640 is equipped with three 4-20mA Ports. (6) Can be configured either as an input or output. Ports (7) are 4-20mA input only. The 4-20ma inputs require current sourcing detectors and are wired as follows. The wiring examples show IGD two and three wire 4-20ma detectors but relate to any such 4-20mA device. Port 6 is usually an output by default but can be configured as



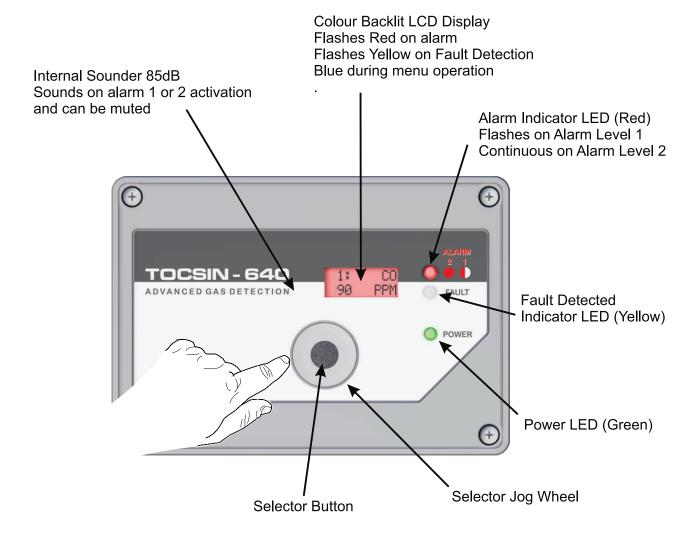
TOCSIN 640 External Input Port

Tocsin 640 is equipped with two digital inputs for direct interface to slam switches or fire detection panels. The two inputs are supplied linked. These two inputs can be programmed as any other input channel and will become active (alarm) on open loops. See later details on alarm programming





Controller Overview



Typical display during warm up

WARMUP 600s

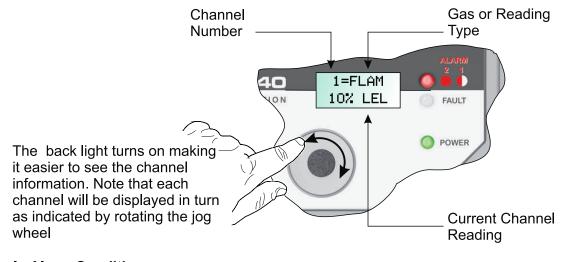
- Initial power up sequence is:
- o Indicate board tested status (end user should see "PASSED" with a green backlight)
- o Display then shows Software version, Checksum and date, Display version, display checksum and date, connected sensor info
- o Countdown



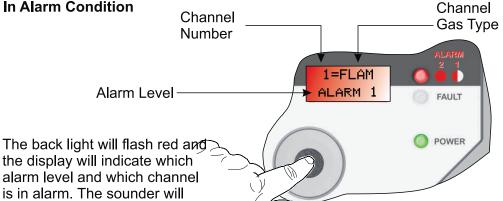
User Actions....Day to Day Operation

Once fully installed the TOC-640 controller will continuously monitor connected gas detectors and sensors and compare current values with any set alarm thresholds. The display will cycle to display each channel in turn.

To access the display and switch the backlight on rotate the jog wheel



In Alarm Condition



In alarm mode the RED alarm led will either be flashing for alarm level 1 or solid for alarm level 2. The bottom line of the display will indicate:

> Alarm 1 Alarm 2 Alarm 1&2

In the event of alarm or fault, CALL FOR SERVICE. The owner operator is not usually a gas engineer or competent person as defined by Health and Safety guidelines. If there is any doubt call your service company and get it checked.

Channel

In Fault Condition

also activate. Pressing the button will silence the sounder.

If the gas is still breaching the

alarm threshold it will not be

possible to reset the alarm

Number

Channel

In FAULT mode the Yellow fault led will be on. The bottom line of the display will indicate as follows:

FLT COM communication error to sensors

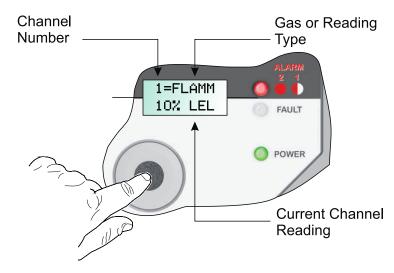
FLT SEN Sensor Error

FLT OVR Sensor Over Range FLT UND Sensor Under Range

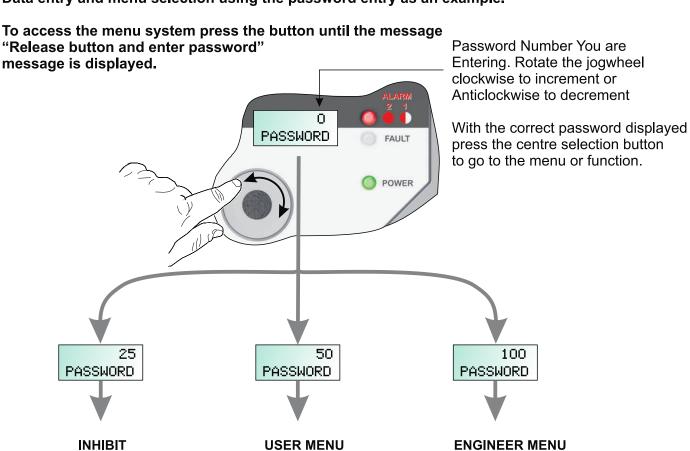
Gas Type 1=FLAM FLT UND FAULT POWER



To Access the Display rotate the Jog Wheel



Data entry and menu selection using the password entry as an example.



Inhibit the control panel for up to 60 minutes. Use this option if calibrating or accessing the connected devices using a laptop running IGD Configurator software. Inhibiting the panel means it stops communicating to connected devices this prevents alarms or data clashes during PC access.

USER MENU CALIBRATIONS & ALARMS

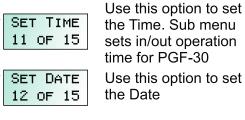
Zero and Calibrate Sensors. Setup alarm levels and relay actions.

ENGINEER MENU PANEL TEST & SETUP

Test I/O Functions, FIND connected devices. Setup channels, Modbus addressing etc.

Toc-640/PGF-30 Menu Overview Master key card required for PGF-30 PASSWORD 50 100 **Engineer Menu Options** User Menu Options Provides access for control panel set up and Provides access for maintenance functions diagnostic functions Use this option to ZERO ZERO connected FIND Use this option to FIND connected 1 OF 15 devices 1 OF 23 devices. Use this option to ADD Use this option to ADD another sensor CAL **CALIBRATE** 2 of 23 to an existing setup 2 of 15 REMOVE Use this option to REMOVE an 3 OF 23 ALARM 1 existing sensor 3 OF 15 EDIT ADD Use this option to alter the address of 4 of 23 a connected sensor action. ALARM 2 TEST ADD Use this option to check for correct 4 of 15 5 of 23 communication to addressable sensors. Use this option to set the Duration of the DURATION ALARM 3 Gas Proving Period 6 OF 23 relays as: 5 of 15 Use this option to set Pressure Leak **PRESSURE** Thresholds 7 OF 23 ALARM 3 6 OF 15 GAS PULSE Use this option to set the Duration of a or

connected devices Use these options to set ALARM Levels 1 to 4 and the alarm Note options will depend on panel setup for available 3 alarms and Fault ALARM 4 4 alarms 7 OF 15 Use this option to set AL. DEF. alarm levels back to 8 OF 15 channel defaults DISABLE Use this option to 9 OF 12 disable a channel CONTRAST Use this option to set the screen contrast 10 of 15



Use this option to See SEN INFO the Sensor Channel 13 OF 15 Set up

ABOUT Use this option to view 14 OF 15 software version etc

Use this option to EXIT EXIT back to normal 15 of 15 operation

Denotes a Menu Option Only Displayed on PGF-30 Versions of the Controller

Gas Proving 'Pulse' 8 of 23 Use this option to set up Options for AIR FLOW Ventilation Air Flow Probe 9 OF 23 TIMEOUTS Use this option to set up the Run Time For the Controller 10 of 23 CHECK Use to CHECK the set up on Pellistor 11 OF 23 Channels FIX Use FIX to automatically correct 12 OF 23 errors detected during CHECK TEST RLY Use this option to manually turn 13 OF 23 system relays on and off. TEST EXT Use This Option to test I/O on J11 & 15 14 OF 23 MA OUT Use to zero, calibrate and test the mA 15 of 23 output function. REMOTE Use this option to set up the remote 16 OF 23 modbus connection. RFID Use this option to set the RFID card 17 OF 23 code ALARMS Use to select either 2 alarm relays and 18 OF 23 a fault relay or three alarm relays SOUNDER Use this option to enable or disable 19 OF 23 the panel sounder SELF TEST Use this option to Self Test the 20 of 23 Controller Functions DEFAULTS Use this option to Set the Controller 21 OF 23 Back to its Default State USR MENU Use this option to jump to the User 22 OF 23 Menu

EXIT

23 OF 23

operation

Use this option to EXIT back to normal



Putting Into Service

Note that this product should be supplied via a fused spur. Ensure cables used are suitable for both their intended area of operation and load capability. This product should only be installed by a competent person.

It is recommended to follow the set up sequence below when configuring and installing a control panel from new.

Follow the cable commissioning procedure T625-700-920.PDF if you don't have a copy of this download it from www.internationalgasdetectors.com

Perform a sensor FIND and automatically install detector data. (note panels are usually supplied pre-configured so this many not be necessary, check shipping documentation)

Engineers Menu Find Option

FIND 1 OF 22

> ALARM 1 3 OF 15

ALARM 2 4 OF 15

Set the sensor channel alarm levels. User menu ... Alarm Setup Options AL1 and AL2 for each channel.

(note panels are usually supplied pre-configured so this many not be necessary, check shipping documentation)

Allow the system to run for at least a few hours then:

Zero each connected detector. User Menu ZERO

ZERO 1 OF 15

Calibrate each detector. User Menu CALibrate

CAL 2 OF 15

EXIT to normal operation and check alarm operation by applying calibration gas and observing alarm activation.

Make sure all components are communicating correctly. Engineers menu TEST ADD option.

TEST ADD 5 OF 22

If you are uncertain how to zero/calibrate or locate your gas detectors and system components then use IGD's online training academy.

If your application is safety related you must ensure you are a competent person with demonstrable training. If in doubt check with IGD for help and support.



This Section Follows the Sequence for Putting Into Service to Describe the Menu functions

Figure 1 shows the electrical connections to the Tocsin 640 controller.

Mains power is supplied via connector 5 and should be from a fused spur. This connection should be made by a qualified electrician.

Cable Checks

Detectors are interfaced to connector 3. It is important to ensure that all connected devices are wired in accordance with the details supplied in Figure 1 and each relevant detector or I/O node manual. Cabling should be rigorously checked to ensure there are no cross overs or shorts before any power is applied. If in doubt follow the cable check procedure listed in "Cable checks T625-700-920.PDF".

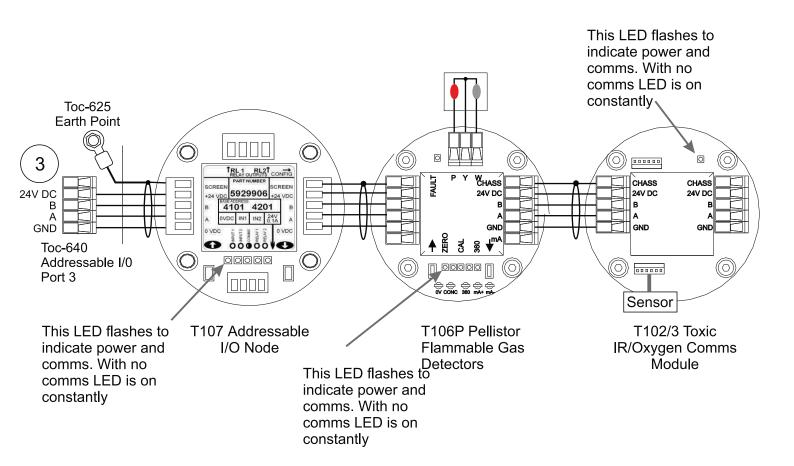
Relay outputs and analogue outputs are indicated on Figure 1, connector 1 and RL1, RL2 respectively. These should be left unplugged at this stage.

Warm Up Period

With power applied the system should undertake its power up sequence and then commence a warm up period. The warm up period is there to allow connected detectors to stabilise before operation. Note that certain detector types, Oxygen sensors in particular may take up to 2 hours to fully stabilise.



During the warm up period check that each connected detector or device has power and communication. The following diagram shows the three main terminal PCB types for detectors and I/O interface nodes and the relevant check points.



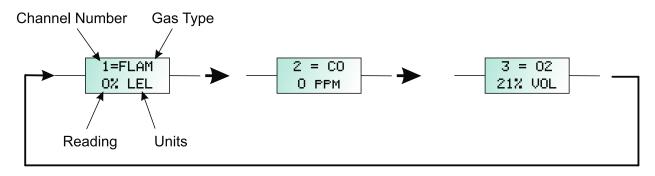


With sensors connected and after the TOC-640 controller has completed its warm up the operating system will go to normal operation mode.

Normal Operation

In normal operation mode the TOC-640 communicates to each detector or node in turn and displays the data on screen. Pressing the button once will activate the back light, each button press then cycles the display through each channel.

For example a three channel system with a Flammable gas detector, a Carbon Monoxide Detector and an Oxygen detector would read as:



Supplied Set Up

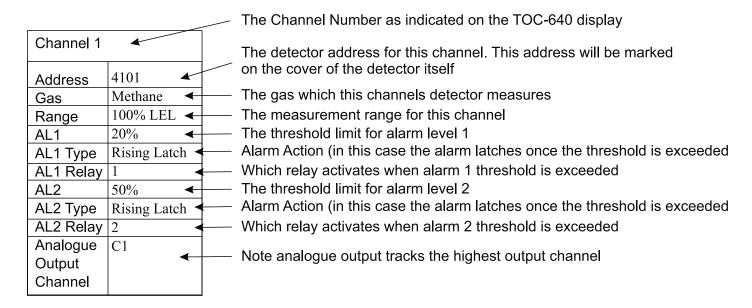
Systems supplied as a complete 'set' or order will normally have been set up at the factory during final test. A set up report will be supplied with the controller to indicate how the control panel has been configured. Where a client advises a particular alarm set up requirement this will be incorporated. If no alarm set up is requested then systems will be shipped with alarms at 20% and 50% of detector range, rising latching alarms, for Oxygen sensors by default alarm 1 will be at 19% and alarm 2 at 18% falling non latching alarms. For example the report the three channel discussed above would read as follows:

Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 3	
Address	4101	Address	4102	Address	4103
Gas	Methane	Gas	CO	Gas	Oxygen
Range	100% LEL	Range	100 ppm	Range	25% Vol
AL1	20%	AL1	35	AL1	19%
AL1 Type	Rising Latch	AL1 Type	Rising Latch	AL1 Type	Falling
AL1 Relay	1	AL1 Relay	1	AL1 Relay	1
AL2	50%	AL2	55	AL2	18%
AL2 Type	Rising Latch	AL2 Type	Rising Latch	AL2 Type	Falling
AL2 Relay	2	AL2 Relay	2	AL2 Relay	2
Analogue	C1	Analogue	C2	Analogue	C3
Output		Output		Output	
Channel		Channel		Channel	



Channel Set Up Overview

Using channel one as an example the following diagram explains a typical channel set up.



If the control panel has been shipped pre-configured then once correctly connected the system will be operational. The controller should correctly cycle through each channel with no indicated errors.

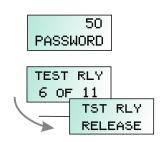
The alarm relay outputs can now be connected (if they are being used). The relay outputs can be forced on and off using the 'test relay' function (TEST RLY).

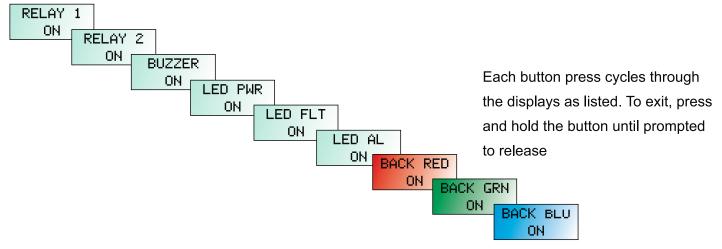
From Normal Operation press the function button until the display alters to show 'release button.

The system now requests a password. Enter 50 to enter the Engineer Menu.

Press the function button until option 6 of 11, TST RLY is displayed. Now hold down the button until prompted to release.

The display will now indicate Relay 1 On (and relay 1 should be energised. At each press of the button each physical output is energised in turn as indicated on the display as:



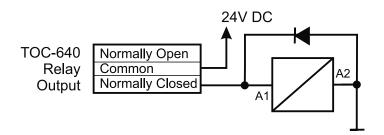




6 Rela

Relay Connection

As standard the TOC-640 controller is equipped with two relay outputs and a system fault relay. The function of these two relay outputs can be user configured and is discussed in a later section. The relays are rated to operate 4A non inductive loads. Typical wiring arrangements are indicated below and show typical methods to protect the relays during installation.



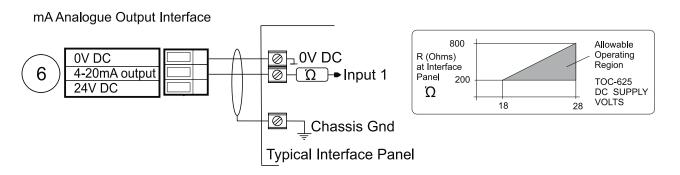
Example fit protection diodes when switching external DC loads.

6

Analogue Output (mA)

As standard the TOC-640 is equipped with port(6) configured as an analogue output. By default this is configured as a 4-20mA current output. The following diagrams indicate the connections.

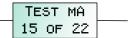
The output will indicates either the highest reading on the controller across all connected detectors or can be forced to read one channel



Note this diagram shows the use of screened cabling when interfacing signal cables. Signal cables should be segregated from power and control cables for best results.



Testing Analogue Output



The operating system has a simulation mode for the analogue output channel. This allows the commissioning engineer to force a signal output to prove correct interfacing at the host system.

From Normal Operation press the function button until the display alters to show 'release button.

The system now requests a password. Enter 50 to enter the Engineer Menu.

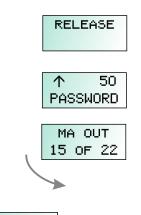
Rotate the jog wheel until option 7 of 11, mA OUT is displayed.

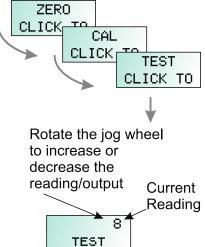
Now press the button to select the option

In this example the output will be tested.

Rotate the jog wheel until TEST is indicated and press the button to select

The display now shows a mA output reading which can be increased or decreased as desired using the jog wheel





Notes		



Putting into Service Test Schedule

In conclusion by following the steps discussed your checklist for putting into service should be:

- 1 Ensure the mains power supply is via a fused spur and installed in accordance with local installation wiring regulations.
 - Check cable and glands are of suitable type for both the area of application and load carrying capacity.
- 2 Ensure terminations via glands provide a positive seal.
 Leave all interfaces unplugged and check installation cabling terminations following IGD publication ref "Cable checks T625-700-920.PDF".
- 3 Check the shipping TOC-640 SET UP REPORT to check how the controller and interfacing detectors and nodes have been configured. Ensure that the detector addresses match the document.
- 4 Plug in the connector 5 and power up the system. Check that all connected devices indicate that they have power and are communicating correctly.
- 5 Allow at least 1 hour for the detectors to correctly warm up and stabilise.
- 6 During this period, if the relay outputs are being used check the cabling then plug in and test using the TST RLY function the relay action.
- 7 During this period if the analogue output is being used check the cabling to connector 6, plug in and test using the mA OUT function.
- 8 After warm up is complete use instrument air or Nitrogen as appropriate to check the detector zero reading. Adjust if necessary (see later "zero and calibration function" section).
- 9 After warm up is complete use a suitable known calibration gas to check the detector calibration reading. Adjust if necessary (see later "zero and calibration function" section).
- 10 Complete any site paperwork as necessary and instruct the site responsible person regarding day to day operation (see later section "user operation").
- 11 Use the CHECK function to ensure detector channels are correctly set up and calibrated (see section Addendum 1).

In the event that the controller needs amendment to set up follow the instructions in the following sections.

- a) Adding detectors or nodes to the controller or complete set up
- b) Adding or changing alarm levels
- c) Assigning relay outputs
- d) Zero and Calibration Function (detectors)
- e) Zero and Calibration Function (analogue output)



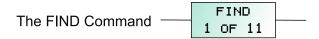
Sequence for a Complete New Setup

If you need to perform a complete new set up

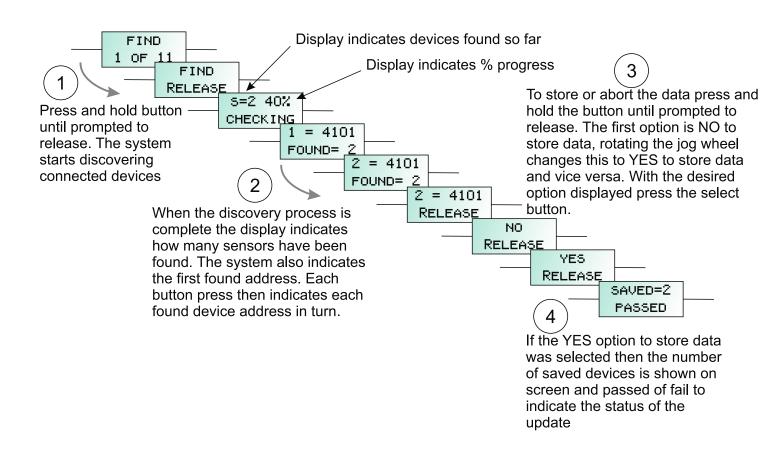
Then presuming the system is correctly installed and cabled the process would be as follows:

- 1. Use the FIND command to discover connected devices and install them to the controller
- 2. Set up the required alarm levels and relay actions
- 3. Test using zero and calibration gases

The following dialogues describe each function to use



As previously described enter password mode and enter password 50 to gain access to the engineers menu. The first menu option (menu option 1 of 11) is the FIND menu. To run this option the detectors must be correctly connected to the controller and displaying green power LED function as a minimum (some of the green power LED's may be flashing if detectors already have communication.) The FIND function then works in the following manner





Once the correct number of devices (either detectors or nodes) have been found and saved (installed). Then the alarm levels can be set in the following manner.

From the TOC-640 SET UP REPORT it can be seen that each connected and installed detector or channel can have two alarm levels set. These can be different for each device. For example a two channel system for Methane and Carbon Monoxide may have Alarm 1 level for Methane at 20% LEL and Alarm 1 level for Carbon Monoxide set at 35ppm.

Channel 1		Channel 2		Channel 3	
	I		<u> </u>		
Address	4101	Address	4102	Address	
Gas	Methane	Gas	CO	Gas	
Range	100% LEL	Range	100 ppm	Range	
AL1	20%	AL1	35	AL1	
AL1 Type	Rising Latch	AL1 Type	Rising Latch	AL1 Type	
AL1 Relay	1	AL1 Relay	1	AL1 Relay	
AL2	50%	AL2	55	AL2	
AL2 Type	Rising Latch	AL2 Type	Rising Latch	AL2 Type	
AL2 Relay	2	AL2 Relay	2	AL2 Relay	
Analogue	C1	Analogue	C2	Analogue	
Output		Output		Output	
Channel		Channel		Channel	

Note in this example that either channel alarm level 1 sets off relay 1 on the controller once the set threshold is exceeded. By default once the FIND function has been run and detectors installed the alarm levels will be preset at 20 and 50 % of the detector or channels range and the alarm action will be rising latching.

Alarm levels are set by the following method:

Notes		



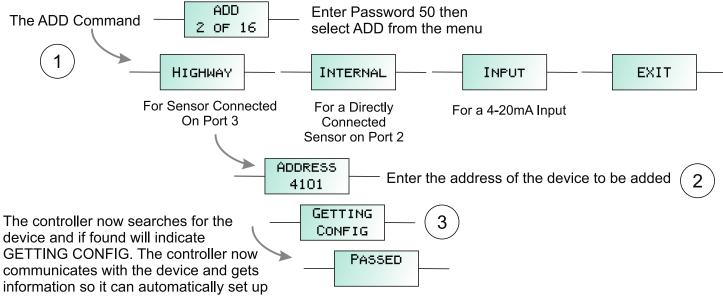
Sequence to ADD a sensor to an existing setup

If you need to add another sensor to an existing controller

Ensure the controller is not indicating any faults and communicates correctly to existing devices, the process would be as follows:

- 1. Ensure the device is correctly wired to the data highway.
- 2. Use the ADD (50 Password Menu) command to discover the new sensor.
- 3. Set up the required alarm levels and relay actions
- 4. Test using zero and calibration gases

The following dialogues describe each function to use



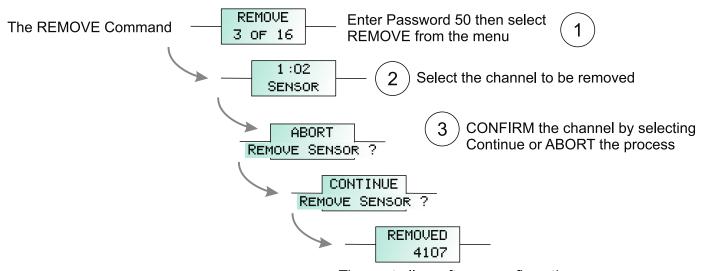
the new channel. Alarm levels will be automatically set to 20 and 50 % of the range of the newly discovered sensor, this can be ammended later.

The internal sensors use special "Reserved" addresses:

- 4195 = mA1
- 4196 = mA2
- 4197 = ESTOP
- 4198 = FIRE
- 4199 = KEY

FIND will not look for these addresses by default, and they should not be used in a T640 system. Cal and Zero will also not work on addresses 4197 - 4199. If one if these inputs is removed using the REMOVE menu item, the input's flag is removed so FIND will not find it again.

Sequence to REMOVE a sensor from an existing setup



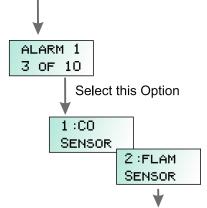
The controller software confirms the channel address that has been removed.



Alarm Level Set Up

ALARM 1 3 OF 15 ALARM 2 4 OF 15 ALARM 3 5 OF 15 ALARM 3 6 OF 15

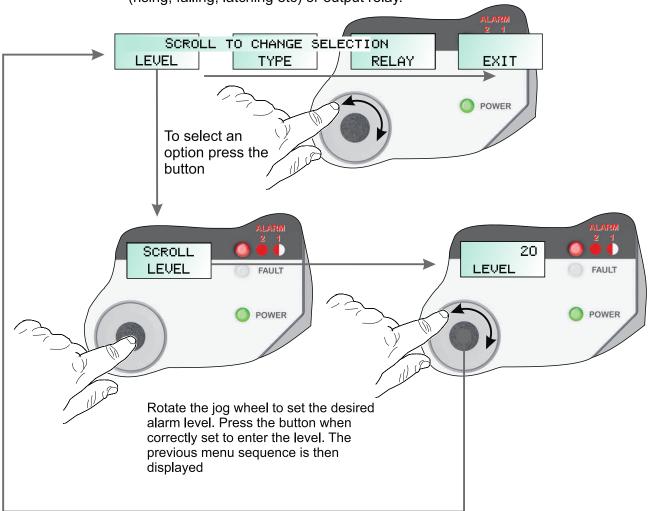
As previously described enter password mode and enter password 100 to enter the user menu. Rotate the jog wheel until either menu 3,4,5 or 6 is displayed and press the select button. Note the alarm function of relay 3 can be preset as a fault relay or another alarm relay. Dependant on this setting determines how many alarm relay setup options are present The set up sequence for the alarm level selected is as follows:



Now rotate the jog wheel to select the sensor/channel for which you wish to set alarms.

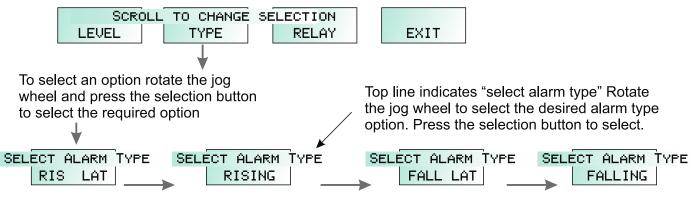
With the correct sensor channel displayed press the select button to enter the alarm set up sequence.

Rotate the jog wheel to select either the alarm level, type of alarm (rising, falling, latching etc) or output relay.





Once the alarm level has been set you then need to set the Alarm TYPE and decide which relay activates once the set alarm level is breached. The following sequence continues from the previous page and describes the set up sequences



Rising Latching Alarm

Latching alarms remain set until the button is pressed to reset the alarm. The gas level must be below the alarm level threshold for the reset to operate. This type of alarm is typically used in safety applications. Where alarm is required in response to rising gas levels

Press and hold until prompted to release to select this option.

Rising Alarm

Rising alarms will automatically reset once the gas level falls below the alarm threshold. This type of alarm is typically used in control applications where action is required in response to rising gas levels.

Press and hold until prompted to release to select this option.

Falling Latching Alarm

Latching alarms remain set until the button is pressed to reset the alarm. For a falling alarm the gas level must be above the alarm level threshold for the reset to operate. This type of alarm is typically used in safety applications for Oxygen deficiency monitoring where you are monitoring for a falling

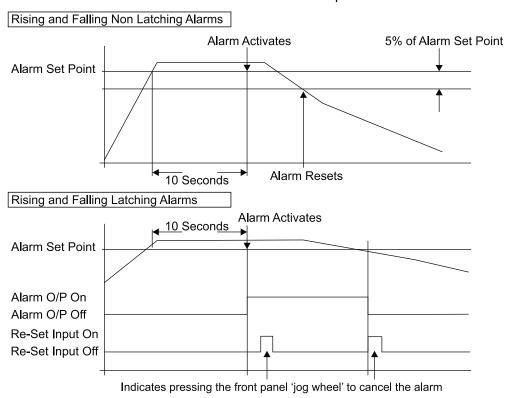
Press and hold until prompted to release to select this option.

Oxygen level.

Falling Alarm

Falling alarms will automatically reset once the gas level rises above the alarm threshold. This type of alarm is typically used in control applications where action is required in response to falling gas level (typical in Oxygen deficiency applications).

Press and hold until prompted to release to select this option.

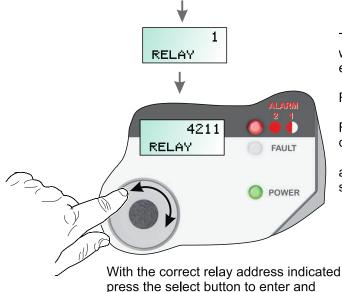




Once the alarm TYPE has been set you then need to set the RELAY output, that is deciding which relay activates once the set alarm level is breached. The following sequence continues from the previous page and describes the set up sequence



To select an option rotate the jog wheel and press the selection button to select the required option in this case RELAY



return to the main alarm menu.

The display now changes to indicate the relay address that will be activated when the alarm level previously set is exceeded.

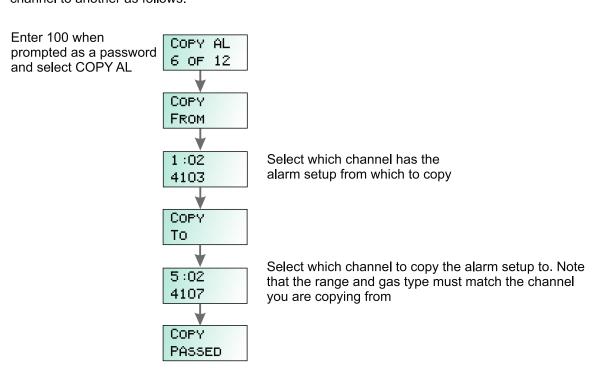
Rotate the jog wheel to select the desired relay address

Relay address numbers 1,2 and 3 are physically on the control panel.

additional external addressable relays will have numbers starting from 4200

COPY Alarm setup

Where channels of the same gas type are required to have the same alarm set up, this can be copied from one existing channel to another as follows.



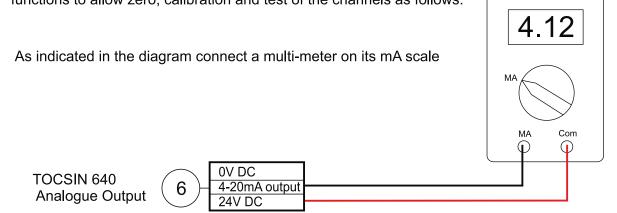


CALIBRATIONS

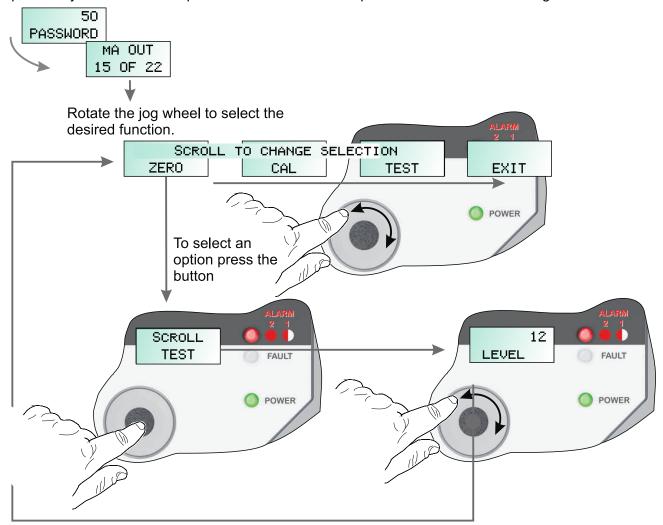


4-20mA Output Calibration and Test

The TOCSIN 640 can have its port (6) set up as a 4-20mA analogue output port. The port can be set to track a desired channel or be the highest output channel, this option being typical for ventilation applications where all connected detector ranges are the same. Normally this is factory pre-configured and pre-calibrated. It should not normally be necessary to calibrate this channel. The system has functions to allow zero, calibration and test of the channels as follows:



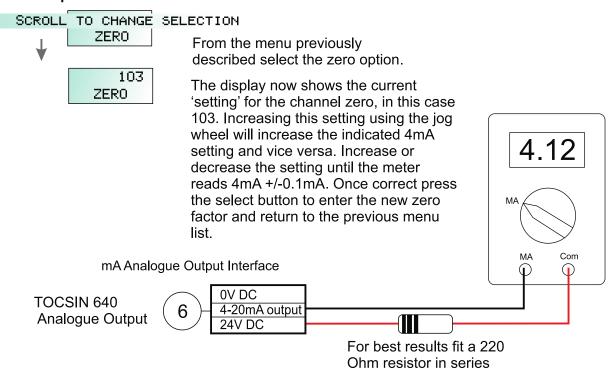
As previously described enter password mode and enter password 50 to enter the engineer menu.



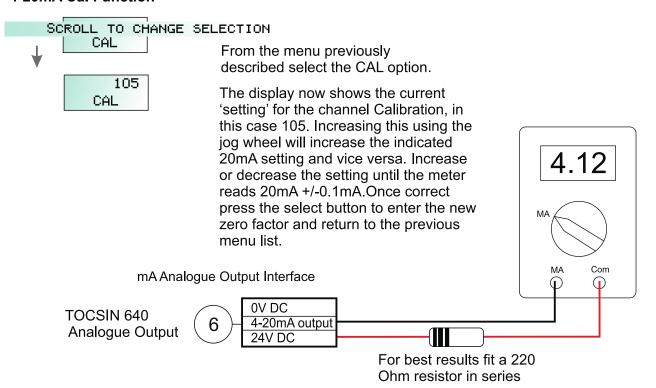
Rotate the jog wheel to set the desired alarm level. Press the button when correctly set to enter the level. The previous menu sequence is then displayed



4-20mA Output Zero Function



4-20mA Cal Function





Gas Detector ZERO Function

All gas detectors will require periodic ZERO and CALIBRATION. The calibration interval depends on a number of environmental factors such as: temperature variance, exposure to wind chill, rain, humidity changes and vibration to list a few. As a guide line gas detectors should be checked at least yearly. As with any measuring instrument if calibration is not held over the intervening interval then a shorter calibration interval may be required.

Detectors should always be zeroed first and then calibrated. Alarms should be isolated during this process. A normal calibration sequence would consist of:

- 1. Assess zero reading in pre-zero condition and record by applying a zero gas typically Nitrogen or Instrument air
- 2. Assess calibration point by applying a known calibration gas. and record
- 3. If the zero and calibration points are within +/-2% of range then take no further action. zeroing and calibrating a detector that already reads correctly will not improve its performance. If either is out then proceed to step 4.
- 4. Apply a suitable zero gas and zero the channel, observe and record result.
- 5. Apply a known calibration gas and calibrate the channel, observe and record the result.

Notes

Do not rely on the ambient environment to provide a zero point, Nitrogen or Instrument air should always be used as appropriate. If there is a background level of the target gas and a zero is performed then the zero point will not be correctly set.

To Zero the detector enter password mode as previously described and enter password 100 to enter the user menu. Select menu item 1 ZERO

> ZERO 1 OF 10

The top line of the display shows the current reading. The bottom line shows the current option.

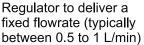
> PPM ABORT

With zero gas flowing and the reading stable press the button to select CONTINUE. Now press and hold the button until prompted to release to action the zero request.

This sequence first indicates if the zero operation passed or failed, then the new detector reading then the option to end and return to **D** the engineer menu. This sequence effectively allows the engineer to observe the new detector zero point before exiting.

Calibration

20% LEL



Hose delivers zero gas to the detector. Note a test gas applicator is usually required. In some cases weather protection guards or the detector itself may include a gas applicator port. If not the correct calibration gas adaptor must be used.

Bottled Nitrogen or Instrument grade zero air

Zero

PPM CONTINUE

ZER0 PASSED

O PPM CLICK TO

The display shows the result of the zero request, note that the actual zero and calibration values are stored on the individual detector heads. When carrying out a zero or calibration the controller sends the request to the detector head for action and monitors the result. This means that detectors can be supplied pre-calibrated The reading is now displayed so the result of the zero request can be observed. The reading should be stable. Click the button to return to the previous menu. Repeat the sequence if you are not within +/-2% of zero.



Gas Detector CAL Function

Gas detectors must be calibrated with known calibration gases traceable to National Standards. As previously discussed detectors require regular calibration. Calibration gases should have values chosen that either:

- a) Are at the alarm set point to get maximum accuracy at this point or
- b) Are between 50 to 90% of the range of the detector. The detector measuring range will normally be marked on the detector.

To CAL the detector enter password mode as previously described and enter password 100 to enter the user menu.

Select menu item 2 CAL

CAL 2 OF 8

Enter the channel number you wish to calibrate.

1 SENSOR

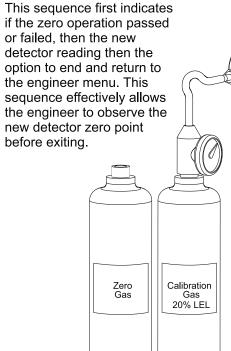
Enter the calibration gas value, this will be marked on the gas bottle and enter.

50 BOTTLE

The top line of the display shows the current reading. The bottom line shows the current option.

55 PPM ABORT

With CAL gas flowing and the reading stable press the button to select CONTINUE. Now press and hold the button until prompted to release to action the zero request.



Regulator to deliver a fixed flowrate (typically between 0.5 to 1 L/min)

Hose delivers zero gas to the detector. Note a test gas applicator is usually required. In some cases weather protection guards or the detector itself may include a gas applicator port. If not the correct calibration gas adaptor must be used.

Bottled Nitrogen or Instrument grade zero air

55 PPM CONTINUE

CAL PASSED

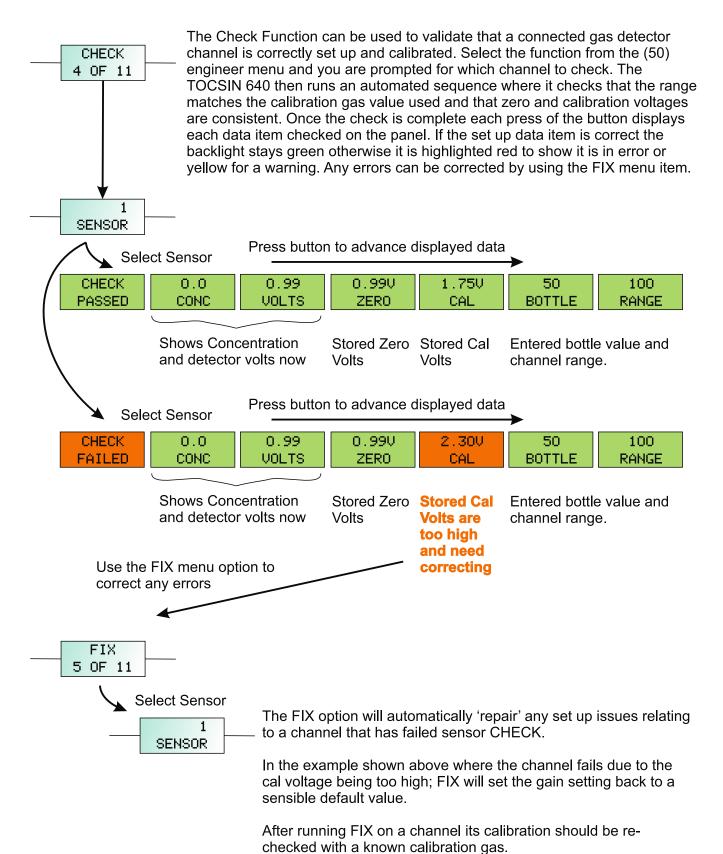
50 PPM CLICK TO The display shows the result of the cal request, note that the actual zero and calibration values are stored on the individual detector heads. When carrying out a zero or calibration the controller sends the request to the detector head for action and monitors the result. This means that detectors can be supplied pre-calibrated The reading is now displayed so the result of the cal request can be observed. The

reading should be stable. Click the button to return to the previous menu.

Repeat this sequence if you are not within +/-2% of the gas bottle value.



CHECK and FIX Functions





Battery Backup

Overview

The TOC 625 battery back up module is designed to fit to the standard TOC-625 range of gas detection control panels and provide battery operation in the event of mains power failure. The battery back up period will be dependent on a number of variables including:

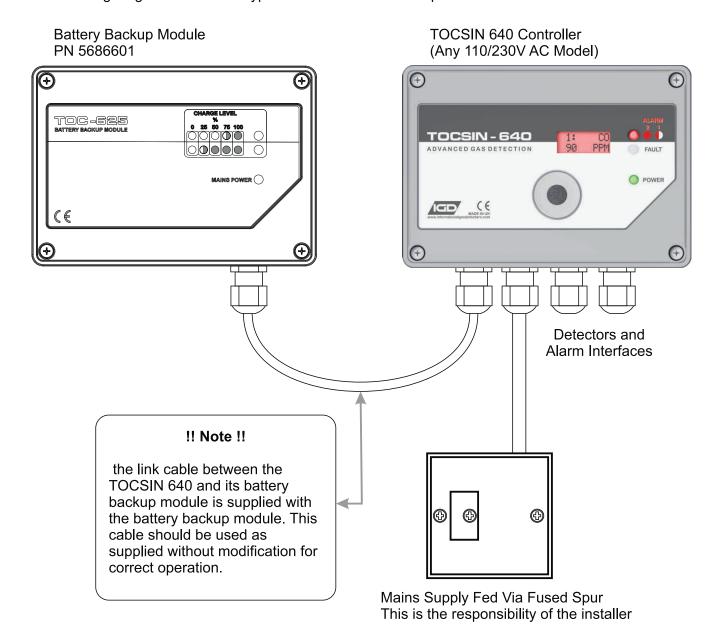
Number and type of detectors fitted to the panel

Battery age and condition

Accessories fitted to the main panel

For full details refer to the TOC-625 Battery Backup Manual

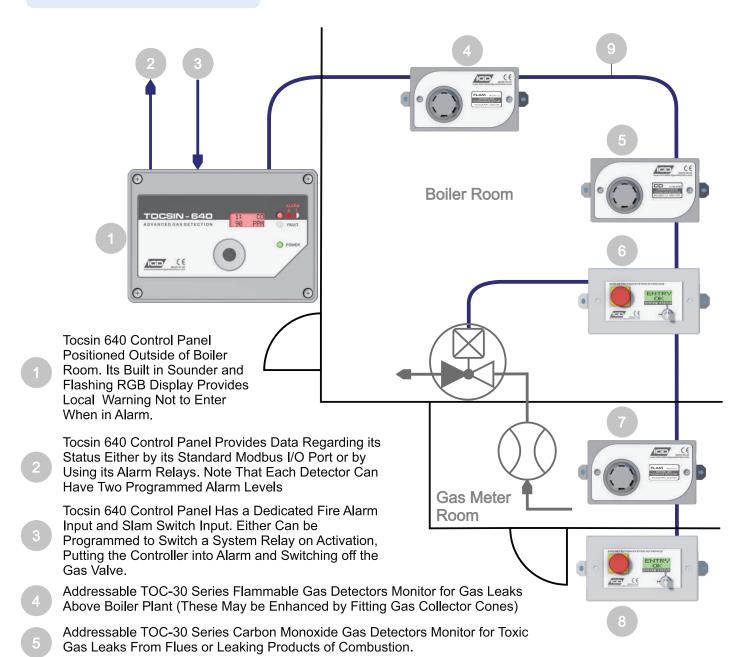
The following diagram indicates a typical installation with this option.





eg

TOCSIN 640 & Boiler Plant Rooms



- Addressable TOC-30 Series Annunciators Provide Local Alarm, Both Audible and Visual for Anyone in the Plant Room. The Integral Slam Switch Allows Fast Integrated Shut Down And Alarm in an Emergency. The Built in Relay on the TOC-30 Annunciator Can be Used to Control the Gas Feed Valve.
- Addressable TOC-30 Series Flammable Gas Detectors Monitor for Gas Leaks Above Gas Meters (These May be Enhanced by Fitting Gas Collector Cones)
- Addressable TOC-30 Series Annunciators Provide Local Alarm, Both Audible and Visual for Anyone about to enter the gas meter room. The RGB display is green with an 'OK TO ENTER' message when all is well and flashing red warning 'GAS ALERT' when leaks are detected.
- 9 One 4 Core FP200 or CY Style Cable Connects All System Components, Fast to Install Efficient in Operation

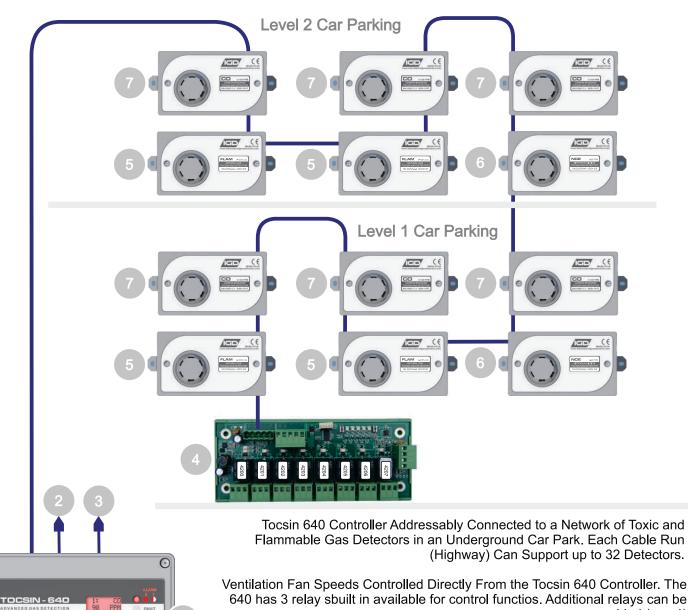


eg

TOCSIN 640 For Underground Car Parks

0

AGD (6



640 has 3 relay sbuilt in available for control functios. Additional relays can be added (see 4)

Tocsin 640 Control Panel Provides Data Regarding its Status using its Standard Modbus I/O Port to an Overall BMS Sytstem

Local Relays can be added where required onto the addressable highway to perform local control functions, in this instance fan speed control.

Addressable TOC-30 Series Flammable Gas Detectors Monitor at Low Level For LPG Fuel Leaks, an Increasing Safety Consideration as LPG Finds Increased use as an Alternative fuel

Addressable TOC-30 Series Toxic NO2 Gas Detectors Monitor Pollution Levels From Diesel Fuelled Vehicles, Particularly at Delivery Vehicle Loading Bays.

Addressable TOC-30 Series Toxic Carbon Monoxide Gas Detectors Monitor Pollution Levels From Vehicles

4 Core FP200 or CY Style Cable Highways Connects All System Components Quickly Networking Everything Together. Additions or Changes to the System can be Quickly Accommodated. Alert Levels can be Easily Adjusted to Ensure Good Air Quality Whilst Minimising Energy Usage.



PFG 30

Multi-Channel Sensor Controller Gas Pressure & Air Flow Proving



Detail Specific to PGF-30



3

4

Hold Key Card Over Jog Wheel Area to Lock or Un-lock the Controller Ready For Use

Note the display indicates the Key Code required which is marked on the card

IGD Gas Proving Controllers are based on our Proven Gas Detection Technology.

Simple Clear Indications With a Multi-Colour LCD Display Advises in Plain English What to do and What Actions to Take





IGD Gas Proving Systems Directly Measure the Gas Pressure Downstream of the Supply Valve. Doing this allows leak testing based on decay rate and alarming on low running pressure. This is the only technique capable of doing this.

The gas Supply Valve is Directly Controlled From the PGF-30 and will shut down, on:

Emergency Stop Activation, Key Switch Removal, Failure to Prove, Low Running Pressure, Input From Fire Alarm.

Optionally by Fitting Extra Sensor Options: Shut Down on: Gas Leak Detectors, CO2, CO, Ventilation Flow Failure and More.

Add as Required on One Addressable Cable

TAP TO UNLOCK

TAP TO LOCK



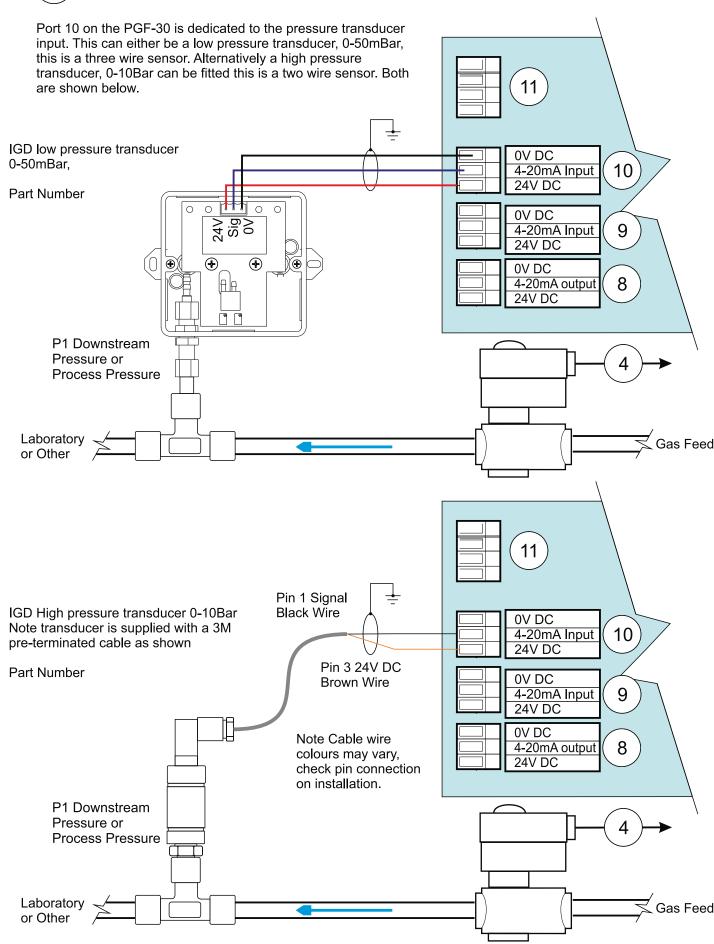
Add CO2 Measurement As Required by Building Bulletin-100 Add Flammable Gas Detectors or Toxic Gas Detectors For Additional Protection When Using Gas in Confined Spaces, Don't Just Rely on Ventilation Rates.

Add Intelligent Annunciators For Door Entry Control in Emergencies - OK to Enter Alarm - Gas Leak. These Have Sounders and Multi-Colour Flashing Displays on Alarm. Available With or without E-Stops.



(10)

PGF-30 Gas Pressure Transducer Input Port (Low Pressure 0-50mBar Sensors)

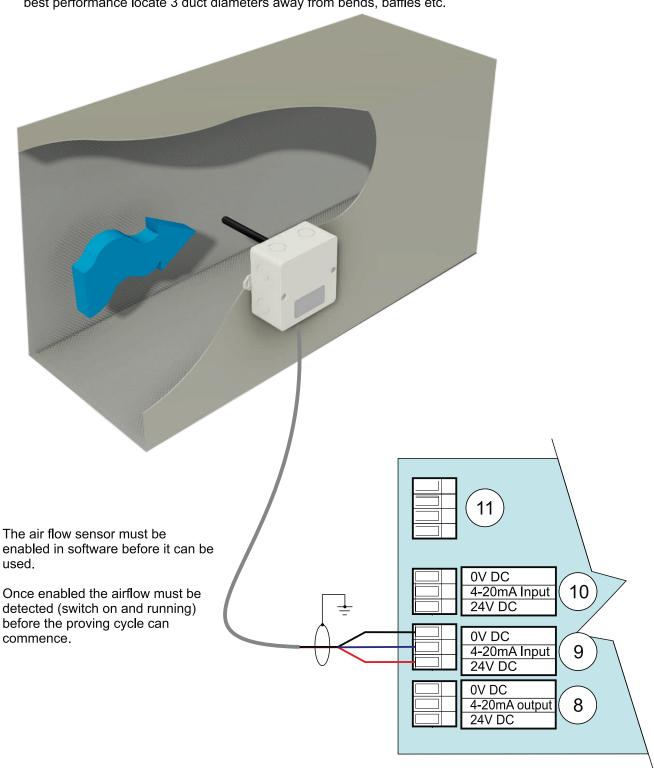




9

PGF-30 Flow Transducer Port

PGF-30 can be fitted with an air flow transducer. This then forms part of the testing cycle such that ventilation air flow must be initiated before the PGF-30 will start the gas proving cycle. This is a common requirement in many laboratories and commercial kitchens. The airflow probe has both analogue and addressable interfaces. Either can be used when wiring the system. For addressable connection refer to page 5 port 3. The following diagram illustrates connection of the analogue interface. Note that the flow probe should be located in a straight section of pipe. For best performance locate 3 duct diameters away from bends, baffles etc.



Day to Day Operation

To Initiate Gas Supply

Use the Key Card to Unlock the controller

Note if the controller is already unlocked then using the card again will lock the controller

Ensure the E-Stop is pulled 'out'

If an airflow sensor is fitted to the associated ventilation system then the airflow must be operating before the proving cycle will commence.

If there are external E-Stops then these must be in the Inactive state.

If the system is connected to a fire alarm then this must also not be activated.

If gas detection is fitted then it must be in its 'safe' state i.e no gas detected.

With 'Press to Start' indicated press the selection button to commence the proving cycle. The display will indicated each stage of the cycle as it takes place

PGF-30

ADVANCED GAS SAFET

E-STOP

In the event of alarm or fault, CALL FOR SERVICE.

The owner operator is not usually a gas engineer or competent person as defined by Health and Safety guidelines. If there is any doubt call your service company and get it checked.

PRESS TO START GASPULSE 0.58CLOSING VALVE PRESSURE

The valve closes

TEST TESTING 20S 11MB

A test pressure is established. This test pressure must be maintained for the set duration. Failure to do so will indicate a leak.

The gas supply solenoid is turned on briefly to

introduce a small amount of gas into the system

TEST PASSED

GAS ON

SYSTEM RUNNING

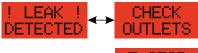
1:PRESS

POWER

2:FLOW

Once the gas supply has been proved and established the controller display cycles to show the system is running and the gas pressure. If a flow sensor is fitted to the ventilation system then the airflow is also shown. If gas detectors are fitted then the reading from each detector will also be sequentially indicated.

Fault Messages



If a gas leak is detected during proving these messages are displayed. Check that all gas outlets are closed and repeat proving. If this does not rectify the problem then call a qualified gas engineer.

E-STOP

A connected E-Stop has been pressed. These must be reset to continue

SYSTEM TO START

The key switch is in the off position. Switch the key switch to the on position to commence the proving cycle.

4:= CO2 4000PPM

A connected gas detector is in alarm. The channel number, detector type and reading is displayed. Evacuate and follow site procedure

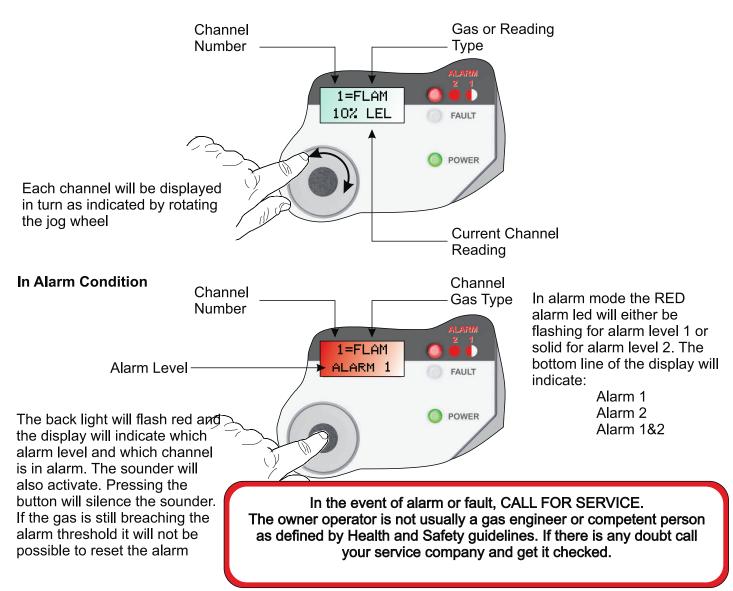
FIRE !

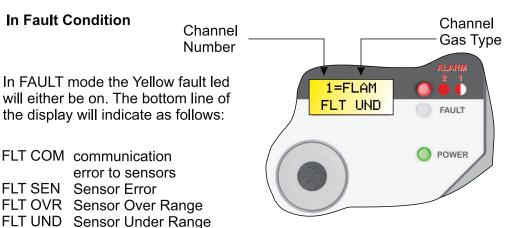
The FIRE input has been triggered by a remote system, normally the fire alarm. Evacuate and follow site procedures.



User Actions....Day to Day Operation....When Gas Detection is Fitted

The PGF30 controller will continuously monitor connected gas detectors and sensors and compare current values with any set alarm thresholds. The display will cycle to display each channel in turn until the option to commence gas proving is selected.







Master Key Operations

Day to day operation of the PGF-30 is initiated using a coded key card.

The setup menu system can only be accessed using a 'master' key card. This is indicated on the menu system layout on page 17

Once unlocked with a master keycard press and hold the jog wheel. Initially the display will show 'Press to start' after a short period you will be prompted to 'Release Button' You can then select either the Engineer or User Menu according to the scheme on page 17.

SCROLL TO CHANGE SELECTION

TO.

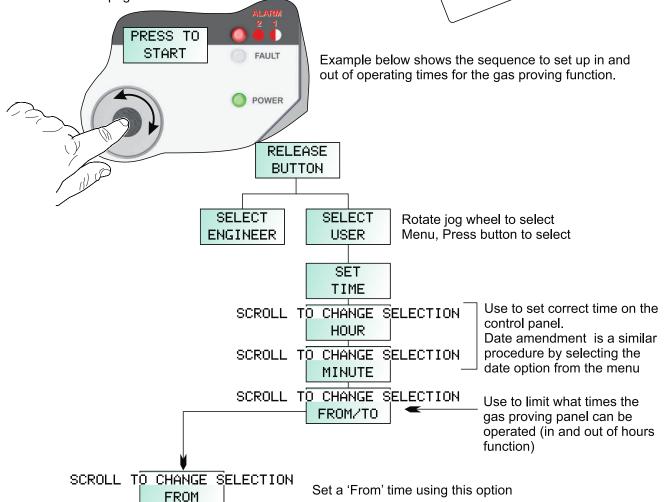
SCROLL TO CHANGE SELECTION

DAYS

MONDAY

ENABLED

PGF-3D
GAS
PROVING
PROVING
TAP TO UNLOCK
TAP TO LOCK



Once set the proving panel can only be used between the times set and the days of the week that have been enabled

Enable which days of the week for which the gas proving panel can be active

Set a 'To' time using this option

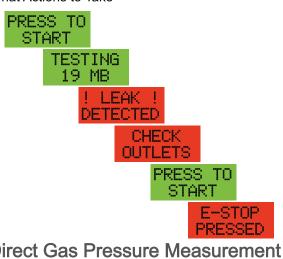
Use the scroll wheel to Enable or Disable each day of the week. Controller can then only be used to prove gas lines for 'Enabled' days of the week



Gas Proving Systems From IGD

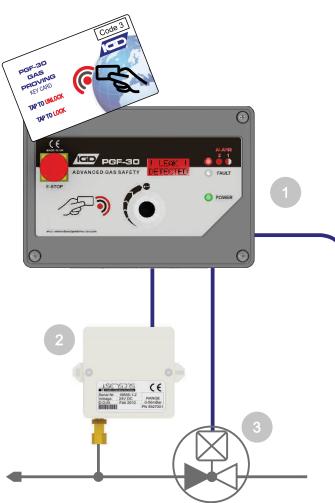
IGD Gas Proving Controllers are based on our Proven Gas Detection Technology.

> Simple Clear Indications With a Multi-Colour LCD Display Advises in Plain English What to do and What Actions to Take





IGD Gas Proving Systems Directly Measure the Gas Pressure Downstream of the Supply Valve. This is a huge Advantage Over Pressure Switch Based Systems.



- Minimal Gas Introduced During System 'Proving'. PGF-30 Can 'Learn' the System Characteristics on Commissioning. Nothing For Installers to Adjust - Fast -Simple - Intelligent
- Measuring the Gas Running Pressure Relative to Atmospheric Pressure Allows For Alarming on Abnormal Usage - Low Running Pressure, Detecting Pipe or Hose Ruptures in Operation

Intelligent Systems

Making Life Easier For Installers & Users

Gas Supply Valve is Directly Controlled From the PGF-30 and will shut down, on Emergency Stop Activation, Key Switch Removal, Failure to Prove, Low Running Pressure, Input From Fire Alarm. Optionally by Fitting Extra Sensor Options: Shut Down on Gas Leak Detectors, CO2, CO, Ventilation Flow Failure and More.

Expandable Systems

Simple Upgrades

Add as Required on One Addressable Cable



- Add CO2 Measurement As Required by Building Bulletin-100
- Add Flammable Gas Detectors or Toxic Gas Detectors For Additional Protection When Using Gas in Confined Spaces, Don't Just Rely on Ventilation Rates.
- Add Intelligent Annunciators For Door Entry Control in Emergencies - OK to Enter Alarm - Gas Leak. These Have Sounders and Multi-Colour Flashing Displays on Alarm. Available With or without E-Stops.



Gas Proving & Gas Detection For Schools, Laboratories & Building Services **Build Your Intelligent Solution to Meet the Job**

